The New-York Times.

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system. The process is directed from the beginning to the destruction of their delicacy, and subversion of their free agency, so that they may become the merest slaves. They are told always that the more wives a man has the higher he and they are exalted in the Kingdom, and the greater will be their reward. By arguments like these, addressed to their religious superstition and fanaticism, aided in stubborn cases by a few screws of the relentless vice of poverty, hunger and hopelessness, the instinctive shield of woman's delicacy falls at last and she is mated for the eternities. They often rebel, but find at last that it is useless to rebel. They frequently attempt to run away. But whither can they go? Hosea C. Kimball's runaway wives are very frequently advertised from the pulpit in the Tabernacle, and the people are warned not to give them shelter or food. Subdued at last by starvation and frantic with despair, sooner or later they are compelled to return, humble themselves at the feet of their exultant lords, becoming ever more slavishly obedient and servile than before. All human affections and sympathies are repelled among them. Each woman is herself so occupied with her own sad history, that she has no sympathy for the others, or none at least to spare. They know that there is no escape for them but in death, and that avenue is not unfrequently sought by a suicidal hand.

Let us look into the house of Elder Orson Pratt, one of the twelve. You remember that he started for Utah in 1854, from New-York, where he had been publishing a Mormon paper called *The Seer*. Mr. Luna crossed the Plains at the same time. Pratt had with him an interesting young lady, his sixth wife, whom he had found at the East. The kindest attentions were bestowed upon her during the journey, and the Elder assured her of a comfortable and happy home with himself upon her arrival in the Valley. They drove up at last before the door of Pratt's house, which is rather a fine mansion; but she was greatly disappointed upon learning that she could not even have the privilege of entering the house of the man to whom she had been legally united in marriage. She was shown to a small log house, with only one room, one hundred yards distant, for her future home. Before leaving the mansion she begged a glass of water, but even this she could not obtain from Mrs. Pratt senior. Arrived at the log house, she found it occupied already by four Mrs. Pratts, with thirteen children, all occupying the single room. The poor girl died soon after with a broken heart.

Some time after this Mr. Luna visited both these houses, in which, as High Priest, he was always welcome. In the mansion he found the first Mrs. Pratt comfortably established, and surrounded by luxuries with her two sons, eighteen and twenty years of age, stretched out lazily upon the sofa. In the miserable single room of the log-house he found the four remaining Mrs. Pratts, poor, squalid, sick and wretched, with their thirteen little children. They told him that Pratt furnished them with the house, but no means of subsistence. They themselves fenced in the lot, dug the soil and cultivated it. One of them, a milliner and dressmaker, sometimes obtained a little corn meal in exchange for her work, and thus they lived. They apologized for not offering Mr. Luna something to eat, but declared that they had had no bread themselves for several days. Orson Pratt stands highest in the Mormon Church at Salt Lake, next to Brigham and his counsellors!

Enough of these sad pictures of human degradation and vice. The reader may find it difficult to realize the truth of these details. I have only to repeat that Mr. Luna, my informant, is a very intelligent, as he certainly looks to be an honorable and truthful man. But he has told nothing more incredible in relation to life at Salt Lake than I have heard from several other sources—nothing worse than has time and again been detailed to the Government at Washington, and by your Salt Lake correspondence of nearly a year ago. Horrible as are these views, there is too much reason to believe that they are true to the life. Can no scheme be devised which shall afford a radical and permanent remedy for such wrongs, and give succor and protection at least to helpless women who have fallen into the snare, and who desire to escape? S.

AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

Second Day's Proceedings at Washington.

A LITTLE BUSINESS AND A LARGE ROW.

The Reese and McClintock Matter—Great Excitement among the Doctors—Confusion, Personalities, and a Calm at Last.

From Our Own Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, May 5.

[The First Day's proceedings will be found on the *Second Page* of this morning's TIMES. The following letter reached us at too late an hour to be given in its proper place.]

The session reopened at the Smithsonian Institution's Lecture-room this (Wednesday) morning, with an act of courtesy—inviting Dr. Delafield, of New-York, to a seat on the platform. In my last letter I told you that the McClintock grief was assuaged. So it was, but with the return of daylight it returned again. There were premonitory symptoms, as the doctors say, at the hotel breakfast tables, but the very second act of the day's proceedings in Convention showed that there was a bad fang still in the jaw. The following resolution was offered by Dr. Atkinson, of Virginia

That the Constitution of the Association be so amended as to prohibit the admission as a delegate or the recognition as a member of any person who had been expelled from any State or local association, until relieved by such association, and that until the Constitution be so amended this shall be the rule of action. [Applause.]

The pith of this lay in the fact that Dr. James McClintock, of Philadelphia—the now far-famed Chief of Blockley Hospital—was in the Hall with his credentials in his pocket, as a delegate from the Hospital to the Convention. He had awaited the subsidence of yesterday's waters, and now would present his credentials or not, according to circumstances. Dr. Bond, of Maryland, fired up, and Dr. Watson, of New-York, dropped a single remark before the resolution went on the table, according to rule, for one year. It was calm again.

Dr. Palmer, of Michigan, read from the Committee on Medical Literature a critical report upon the medical books and papers of the year past.

Dr. James R. Wood, of New-York City, from the Special Committee on Medical Education, presented a report. It was referred to a Committee of one from each College here represented to fill the blanks in the report.

The Committee on *Nominations* reported Louisville, Ky., as the place of meeting in 1860, and named Dr. S. S. Rodes, of Kentucky, as second Secretary, it being the custom to have one of the Secretaries a resident of the place of meeting.

They also nominated the following Standing Committees:

Instantly now the storm arose again. Dr. Hare moved to reconsider the vote of yesterday, accepting as satisfactory the apology of Dr. Bryan for recommending Dr. McClintock, an expelled member, to the Blockley Hospital Chieftaincy. Carried—Ayes, 111; noes, 82. The chair decided a two-third vote necessary to reconsider. An appeal was taken, and then came a series of decisions and appeals, and half an hour of reading manuals of parliamentary usage, but finally the reconsideration was carried—ayes, 143; noes, 70.

Dr. Jewell moved, and it was instantly seconded, a reconsideration of the vote, accepting Dr. D. M. Reese's apology for the same offence as satisfactory. He proceeded to make a speech, and as he spoke read a document which he said was part and parcel of his speech. There was an attempt to stop the reading, but at last the thing was permitted. The document proved to be a letter to the New-York Academy of Medicine, censuring very strongly Dr. Reese for his recommendation of McClintock, asking the Academy to punish Reese, and signed by Drs. Cohnen, Jewell and other Philadelphians. [The substance of this paper was published in the NEW-YORK TIMES at the time of its reception by the Academy.] Pending a motion indefinitely to postpone this whole matter, the Convention went into Committee of the Whole, with Dr. Thomas Edwards in the chair—a very happy incident, as Dr. Edwards is an old member of Congress, well up in parliamentary usages, while the amiable president was utterly at sea when a squall came. It was resolved to limit each speaker to five minutes, except only Dr. Reese, who might take his own time.

Dr. Reese then mounted the platform, and explained everything from the earliest egg. He wound up by detailing the circumstances under which he had been induced to offer an apology. When he came on, he had been met by several distinguished men, whom he mentioned as among his friends. They told him that there were certain Philadelphians on who were determined to stir this matter, and that they felt he had erred. He had replied that he was prepared to make any apology for the error they had convicted him of which he honestly could, but he would not make one word of apology unless he could be assured that with that all allusion to the subject in Convention should cease. After a conference of these gentlemen with the leading men from Philadelphia, he was assured that such apology would satisfy Philadelphia, and if her, the world. With that understanding, he had amply apologized—never, of course, denying what was true, that at the time he recommended Dr. McClintock, he did it from motives of humanity, and never dreaming that he was doing wrong. Judge, then, of his surprise to find that faith was broken, and the whole subject reopened by the men who agreed to let it drop. As to the *insinuations*, the innuendoes of Dr. Jewell's paper, stealthily introduced to the notice of the Convention in Dr. Jewell's speech, it was enough in a body that knew him to refer to them. To be arraigned for "violating the code of ethics in recommending a nostrum vender," as Dr. Cohnen had arraigned him—after thirty years' battling with all manner of quacks—was preposterous. Other and distinguished members of the profession had signed Dr. McC.'s recommendation. Why had not they been arraigned? All men in their generosity of friendship and the warmth of charity were liable to err. Even Philadelphia had been known to do some things that afterwards they regretted. Swain's Panacea, for instance, was a nostrum which got its immense sale and popularity on the strength of the recommendations of some of our Philadelphia brethren. When they repented and confessed, they were forgiven. [Applause and hisses.] He had said all that his own sense of propriety assured him that he could say in apology. If had been charged that his apology was evasive. Then he was ready to make it unequivocal. [Applause.] He proceeded to reread his apology. Was that not enough? he asked. [Cries of "Yes, yes!" "No, no."] This reproduction of the agitated question was a fraud upon him. It looked now as if he had introduced the subject—he had only done so as a matter of justification, and on strict condition that it should end with him. When Dr. Reese sat down there was a storm of mingled applause and hisses, but the applause rather "had it."

A member moved that the whole question be submitted to a Committee to report to-morrow, on which should be no member either of the New-York or Pennsylvania delegation. [Applause and cries of "Settle it now."]

Dr. Atlee, of Pennsylvania, said this was the most important subject ever discussed in the Convention. It involved our honor. Let us settle it now and openly—no stifling it or hushing it in committees. Let it be shown to the public that whether a man is sick or hot, poor or not, of good reputation for morals or not, if he would associate with us he must be worthy of us. [Applause.] Decide this now—and for one, I assure you, if it is not decided as I think is right, I'll never show my head here again. [Loud applause.]

A Virginian told a story about two old Quakers, members of the Temperance Society, both of whom drank a little on the sly. When one was caught at it, the other was appointed publicly to rebuke him. In solemn conclave Broadbrim No. 2 heard the case stated, and then impressively said to No. 1: "Jeemes, thee should be more circumspect." Dr. Reese should be more circumspect. If he committed sins that were not quite unknown to the brethren's own experience, he should have more carefully concealed them. It was a small business, and it was time to drop it. [Applause.]

Dr. Cohnen, of Philadelphia, said he had on Tuesday, in good faith, offered the resolution expressing his satisfaction with Dr. Reese's apology. He was sorry that the subject had been introduced again, and he was especially sorry Dr. Reese rose with so short a memory as to say that Dr. Cohnen had pledged himself that the apology should be the end of it. That statement *was not true*. [Cries of "Order." "No personalities," and applause mingled with hisses.]

Dr. Reese asked to explain, and began, but yielded to

Dr. Bowling, of Tennessee, who said there was no need of a question of veracity. *He* had tried to induce Dr. Reese to apologize, and he had seen many of the first men of the Philadelphia delegation, all of whom assented to this compromise. They had, indeed, assured him that they could not speak officially for the delegation, but they did not doubt the arrangement would be acceded to. Dr. Reese certainly was assured that his apology would be the end of the matter, and only on that understanding consented to make one. Dr. Reese had asked if there were no trick behind—was he sure that when his apology had been published to the world they would not insist upon some new humiliation? He, Dr. Bowling, had answered, "why, Dr. Reese, Hay, and Cohnen, and Wood and La Roche are the men—my God, can't you believe such men as these?" He reluctantly assented, and the astonishment he felt when the thing was renewed to-day by Dr. Jewell was unspeakable. [Applause.]

Dr. Cohnen and Dr. Dulbeard further explained why the bargain was not kept.

Dr. Cox, of Maryland, opening with a puff of Dr. Reese's professional works and standing, proceeded to show why he deemed Reese's apology as no apology at all. He had violated the Code of Ethics—which was the heart of the Association. He had written when compelled to it an apology which in it had a written reservation—a confession of a private opinion that he had done first what was right and proper. [Cries of "That's the point."] He may insist that his motive was right, but he must not say that he simply did his duty in the very paper that he hands us for an apology. [Applause.] In this very month's number of Dr. Reese's *Gazette*, he speaks of this as "an *oversight*." It was a disgrace—The Chairman's hammer cut the sentence short.

Dr. La Roche, of Philadelphia, said he had nothing to do with the introduction of Dr. Jewell's paper, but he had understood that if Dr. Reese's apology was not satisfactory, the Philadelphia delegation would insist on the right to read it and enter their disclaimer of satisfaction.

Dr. Cox, of Maryland, moved that Dr. Reese have authority to withdraw his paper, in order to amend it to the satisfaction of the Association.

Dr. Bond, of Baltimore, said that Dr. Cox's motion was substantially to permit Dr. Reese to perform an utter impossibility. He alluded so strongly to Dr. Cox's motive for urging the matter, merely for the opportunity it afforded him to stir his eloquence, that half the house was roaring out for "order."

Dr. N. S. Davis, of Chicago, said: "Settle the question now,—dit it out and end it forever." [Applause.]

Dr. Jewell, of Philadelphia, said that Dr. Reese's assertion that the Philadelphians first assaulted him was utterly false. [Cries of "Order," "No personalities," &c.]

Dr. Reese (interrupting)—Did not you send to New-York a circular?

Dr. La Roche—Was your name mentioned in it?

Dr. Reese—I was so pointedly alluded to, as a Vice-President of this Association, that none could misunderstand it.

Dr. Jewell (still keeping the floor, continued)—and as to Reese's statement, that the Philadelphia newspapers were printing it—that, too, is not so. [Cries of order.] He wished it understood that the Philadelphia delegation was not bound by the unauthorized word of any of its individual members, however eminent. He, for one, had never heard that this thing was to be compromised by an apology—but, when he heard it read, he and others had thought that the delegation must have conversed in their absence, and agreed to it. When they found it was not so, they determined to protest, especially as it was a part of the agreement that was made, that Dr. Reese should not take a place upon the platform at the opening of the meeting. [Sensation.]

Dr. Bowling explained that he had told Dr. La Roche, in whose hands the Philadelphians had placed the matter—

Dr. La Roche—A mistake; it was not put in my hands.

Dr. Bowling—Dr. Meigs told me that it was.

Dr. La Roche—Then Meigs was mistaken—that's all.

Dr. Bowling—Dr. Reese only agreed not to go on the platform, providing the other Vice-Presidents did not, but, if they did, he answered me that he certainly should, lest his absence be misconstrued. The others did go on the platform, and Dr. R. with them.

Dr. Wells, of New-York, moved that the Committee rise and report. [Cries of "Go on," "Go on," "Settle it now or never," &c.]

Dr. Cox, of Maryland, came down upon Dr. Bond for his personal insinuendoes, shewing that Dr. Bond's shot had winged him. He said that he treated them with the contempt that they deserved. [Cries "Order," catcalls and loud yells; as to his logic, it must be evident even to Dr. Bond. ["Order," "order," and the Chairman ordering Dr. Cox to proceed only in order.] When he ended

Dr. Reese was happy that he afforded his friend another opportunity to ventilate his eloquence. The orator's remarks had not disturbed his serenity, and he was sure they could not mar the friendship between them. [Laughter, hisses and applause.]

A Gentleman—Why should we turn the Smithsonian Institute into a bear garden? [Yells, screams and confusion.]

Dr. Davis, of Massachusetts—Dr. Reese could settle this in a moment; if he would but say that he was sorry for what he had done, without reservation or equivocation, it would end the disreputable scene. [Applause.]

Dr. Palmer, of Michigan, said that because which had excited with indignation had been relieved, and it was now evident to all the world that the Association had no tolerance for quackery, nostrum-vending, or for their apologists, however honest or humane. [Cries of "Question," "Sit down," "Shut up." Meanwhile, Dr. Cox, of Maryland, had gone round to shake hands with Dr. Reese, whom he had just fired his broadside at—a member remarking aloud—"That is to spike the *Gazette's* guns."]

Dr. Palmer—I have the floor, and must have my say, whether you like it or not. If Dr. Reese will say that he ——

Dr. Reese—I am only waiting an opportunity to do it. [Cries of "Adjourn!" "Let the Committee rise!" "Hear Reese," and a terrible confusion.]

A Voice—Dr. Bryan is willing to make the same apology—an unconditional and absolute apology.

Dr. Jewell moved that the Committee rise and report that with the promised unreserved apology the Philadelphia delegation will be perfectly satisfied. [Applause and loud voices from every part of the house.]

The Chairman put the question, confessing that he did not exactly know what he was to report, but declared the proposition carried.

President Lindsay took the Chair, and Dr. Edwards attempted to report what the Committee of the Whole had done. A dozen voices were explaining its action differently, and an old gentleman, in a yellow wig, was laboring to get a "Whereas" prefixed to any apology that the Committee would be satisfied with. The President having secured a measure of order, Dr. Reese fell to writing, and Dr. Bryan rose to explain. He agreed, substantially, that whatever Dr. Reese could sign, he would sign. [Applause and hisses.]

Dr. Reese rising, the house subsided into a perfect calm. He read a briefer apology than yesterday, and one which seemed to have no reservation in it. When he sat down there was long-continued applause, cheers, hurrahs, and not a hiss.

A moment after, Dr. Le Roy remarked that Dr. Reese, in his apology, had omitted, probably without intention, any statement of his regret. [Cries of "Ah, ha!" "Evading again," "Slippery, old boy," "Say you regret, Reese."] Will Dr. Reese insert that word in his manuscript?

Dr. Reese—Does anybody doubt, after this day's observation of my experience, that I regret it? Can I apologize without regretting it? If I say I regret, when will the gentleman be satisfied? Is there any bound? No—I will not be dictated to as to my language. I can write my own composition. No man or body shall dictate my language, though a prison stood at hand to reward me for the contumacy. [Applause and hisses.] I can write my own sentences.

Dr. Atlee—And the Association will take the liberty to criticise them.

Dr. Wood, of Philadelphia, from the platform, said, "Gentlemen, I have been—" [here the applause and cheers for Dr. Wood entirely drowned his voice; when they subsided he was saying—] "on the side of Dr. Reese in supposing his apology ample. But I think that unless he consents to express his regrets too, the Association cannot—" Here the confusion, screaming and cheering became so great that Dr. Wood was quietly seated before the smoke cleared up.

Dr. Jewell—Dr. Bryan is willing to add his regret, will Dr. Reese, by doing as much, show his sincerity? [Cheers.]

Dr. Reese—I am willing to say that I never will be caught in such a scrape again.

Dr. Bryan explained that he had not unconditionally agreed to do so.

Dr. Atlee—I move not to accept the apology of Dr. Reese. [Applause, but no distinct second.]

Dr. Bond explained that the regrets were in the apology, and Dr. Clark, of New-Jersey, that they were not.

Dr. Willard Parker, of New-York, said that in the action taken by the Academy of Medicine, the regret of the Academy was expressly stated in answer to the Philadelphia communication. He thought it was due from Dr. Reese that——

Dr. Reese—"Here it is in writing;" and proceeded to read a new apology, to which was appended the words, "and regrets that he has incurred the displeasure of the Society." When he began reading the house was as still as a Quaker meeting; when he ended the noise was past any easy conception. For full three minutes the Chair no longer tried to keep order. The meeting fell into the trough of the sea. The New-York City Delegation, which, by agreement, had kept entirely still until Dr. Parker had spoken, here exhibited great spirit. Dr. Parker, Dr. Delafield, and Dr. James R. Wood, rushed to the spot where Drs. Jewell, La Roche, and Cohnen sat, and consulted aloud. From the rest of the room arose screams of laughter, and such sounds as Congress is said to emit in the hour of a drunken dissolution. "He won't regret," cried one. "Make him," cried another. "He has been on his knees long enough," said another. "Knock him flat," said another. "Make him swallow his certificate, word by word," said another. Some swore outright, fat, rotund oaths. One swore that "he was the most slippery cuss ever seen," while others loudly avowed that the "persecution had gone far enough; it was an outrage to carry it further." Meanwhile the ex-Vice-President sat on the platform, looking as calm and happy as if just hearing the vote of thanks that had been that morning put upon the journal of proceedings.

The storm expended itself for a while, and the President took the opportunity to read some notices. Dr. Reese then, having heard the suggestions of his friends, read a brief, unexplanatory apology, which began with an expression of regret for his violation of the Code of Ethics. There was loud applause at this time, and no hisses. A moment after, Dr. Campbell remarked quietly that the fallacy of Dr. Reese's third apology (the last was the fourth) *must have been accidental*. [Cries of "Don't, don't—let's be satisfied with what we've got—don't rub it in too hard," and cries for the question.] When the Chairman put the motion of Dr. Jewell, that the Association is satisfied, it was carried by acclamation.

Then there was a loud call for "Bryan." Dr. Bryan said he would sign the apology that Dr. Reese had written last without reservation.

Dr. Atlee said it was due to the Philadelphia County Medical Society that the case of Dr. Bryan be transferred to it, with a recommendation for his restoration. There were loud objections, and, on motion, Dr. Bryan's apology was accepted as satisfactory, though not without a few dissenting voices. Immediately after which, at 4½ P. M., the Association adjourned till Thursday, 10 A. M.

F. T.

Adjournment of the Association.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 6.

The American Medical Convention refused to request the Secretary of the Treasury to reinstate Dr. Bailey as Inspector of Drugs in New-York. The city of Louisville is to be the next place of meeting. The Convention adjourned *sine die*. They proceed to Mount Vernon to-morrow.

Sporting Intelligence.

The Fairfield Races, at Richmond, were largely attended on Monday. The Dodwell stakes were run for; mile proceeds, $7,250. T. & T. W. Doswell's brown colt, by *Revenue*, won the race easily in two straight heats, over four competitors. Time—1:47¼, 1:48.

A match of $500 for a fifty-mile race has been made for the Hamtramck Course in Detroit, between Edgar Belden and George Bemis. The forfeit money, $250, has been put up. The race is to take place early in June.

The New Jockey Club, of this City, have secured a tract of 90 acres of land (70 in fee) near the Old Centreville Course, on Long Island. They will commence putting it in shape at once. A stock company is to be formed, with a capital of $75,000.

A match of $1,000, for the Franklin Trotting Park, has been arranged between Baker, of Springfield, and Dickson, of Boston, to come off on the 1st of June. Time for first, two out of three heats to run on this course.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Resolution to Abrogate the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty Killed by its Friends—The Vote on Minnesota Postponed—General Scott Sent for—The Ohio Contested Election, &c.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 6.

Clingman's resolution to abrogate the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty was killed in the House by its ostensible friends to-day. Just as the vote was being taken, word was privately passed around on the Democratic side that the Administration really did not wish it to pass, and enough votes were accordingly changed to put it out of the way for the present. Clingman and others, however, are not disposed to release the President in this way, and mean to get it up again, if possible.

The postponement of the vote on Minnesota was the result of the suggestions of Henry Winter Davis, looking towards a general concentration of the Opposition against the admission. A caucus is talked of to effect a union of the Republicans and Americans on the subject.

An order to come on here was to-day telegraphed to Gen. Scott by the Secretary of War. O.

[FROM THE ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAPHIC DESPATCH.]

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 6.

The President has not yet designated his acceptance of the two Volunteer Regiments, nor is it probable that he will do so until Congress shall make the necessary appropriation for their support. The estimates are not yet made.

This determination of the President has caused great disappointment in Western men who were led to believe that the Regiments would be accepted as soon as the Deficiency bill passed.

Although the House by eleven majority ordered the resolution proposing the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty to be engrossed for a third reading, the vote on setting it aside by ten majority to take up the Minnesota bill is regarded as a decided expression against the former measure. This motion was made by Mr. Sickles, a member of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, who is against the resolution, which is now on the Speaker's table, difficult to be reached, and may be regarded as killed by indirection. The resolution was it is said, reported without consultation with the President, and has no precedent since 1796, when the United States abrogated the treaty with France. The Administration is opposed to the resolution at this time, because it would embarrass the negotiations now pending for the settlement of the differences between the United States and Great Britain, and force upon the President an aggressive policy unfavorable to the peace of the two countries, and disastrous to the settlement of the Central American question.

The House Committee on Elections to-day were engaged on the Ohio contested election case. Messrs. Lamar, Stevenson, Phillips and Boyce voted that Mr. Vallandigham was entitled to the seat, and Messrs. Gilmer, Wilson, Clark, of Connecticut, and Washburn, of Maine, voted in favor of Mr. Campbell retaining his seat. Mr. Harris, of Illinois, voted to vacate the seat and refer the question back to the people. Three reports will accordingly be made on Thursday.

Among the confirmations to-day, by the Senate, was that of Judge Loomis to supply the vacancy in the Court of Claims, occasioned by the death of Mr. Gilchrist.

By general consent the vote on the Senate bill, for the admission of Minnesota, will be taken on Saturday.

XXVth CONGRESS.....First Session.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 6.

The business transacted during the morning hour was of an uninteresting nature.

The bill for the admission of Oregon was postponed and that for the repeal of the fishing bounties act taken up.

Mr. Hamlin, of Maine, addressed the Senate in opposition to the bill. He objected to Mr. Clay's sneer, that the fisheries are merely a local interest. They are so, he said, but no more than sugar-growing. The fisheries, however, have national importance, no nation having *ever* been prominent in maritime affairs that did not recognize the important relation between its marine and its fisheries. The Senator from Alabama's line of argument was a revival of Mr. Benton's in his report of 1845. Mr. Hamlin would admit that when the bounty was first granted, it might have been regarded as identified with the Salt duties, but the present system of bounty is based on a departure from that principle, and is not now dependent in any manner on the quantity of salt used, but on the tonnage employed. Bounty is an unfortunate word. The object is to raise a class of hardy seamen. The fisheries, therefore, although local in fact, are national in importance, and address themselves to the interests of every section of the country, to Alabama as well as to Maine. Mr. Hamlin summarized the political history of the North American fisheries, showing that they entered largely into the Revolutionary issues, and that they were the subject of contest for a hundred years between France and England on account of their importance. He showed the importance entertained of these fisheries by the American Government, which made their possession an ultimatum of peace. In the war of 1812 the Commissioners of Ghent were instructed not to permit our right to them to be even brought into discussion on pain of breaking off negotiations. John Adams, in 1814, wrote he would continue the war forever rather than yield one iota of the fisheries. They are as important to-day as then, although it is true they do not represent the same proportion to the aggregate commerce as they did at the Revolution. The reason of it is, that the area of the fisheries is limited, and cannot be extended; whereas the area of commerce is illimitable. Proceeding then to the present state of the fisheries, Mr. Hamlin urged on Congress the continuance of these bounties, as the cheapest mode of educating a supply of seamen who could be relied on in time of war. During the Revolution the New-England fishermen captured 200,000 tons of British shipping. They were equally efficient in the war of 1812. He next read letters from Commodores Stuart, and Saunders, highly praising the seamen trained in the fisheries. Also, a similar opinion from the late Daniel Webster. He then referred to the care taken by other nations to foster their fisheries, instancing Venice, Holland, whose Amsterdam is built on fishes' bones, Spain, France and Great Britain. The Senator from Alabama asks, why not rely on the Commercial Marine to recruit the Navy. A sufficient answer is, that in violation of law, three-fourths of the whole seamen employed are foreigners. Mr. Clay estimated from Treasury sources, the whole number of fishermen at 13,000, but the Treasury Department knows no more about it than his (Mr. Hamlin's) horse. Probably the fisheries educate 30,000 American seamen. He maintained that if the bounty was withdrawn, these fisheries would languish and die. He related the small compensation paid to those engaged in the business, and the numerous dangers and hazards attending it, and concluded by demanding that Government support continue to it. If it must be abolished, it ought to be done gradually, so as to allow owners to retire their means therefrom. The reciprocity treaty and the repeal of the bounty would destroy it anyhow. This nursery of seamen should be regarded in the same light as the military school at West Point or the naval school at Annapolis.

Mr. Mason here moved an Executive Session, at the close of which the Senate adjourned.

Yesterday, Mr. Bayard, of Delaware, Chairman of the Committee, made a report from the majority of the Judiciary Committee, asking to be discharged from the consideration of the subject of a uniform Bankrupt law, as the majority could not agree upon the terms of a bill.

Mr. Toombs then upon presented a bill, as reported by himself and another Senator, forming a minority of the Committee, but the Vice-President, Messrs. Green, Iverson and other Senators objected to the consideration, whereupon the bill was received for consideration, and the Senate then went into Executive session, at 2 P. M., and soon after adjourned.

It may or may not have reference to the above in-

LATEST FROM CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 6.

The House acted on the various amendments of the Legislative Executive and Judiciary Appropriation bill, and finally passed it.

Mr. Bingham, of Pennsylvania, moved to take up the resolution proposing the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty, regarding that there is no particular emergency which requires it. The treaty, when made provided a suitable instrument between England and the United States, and guaranteed the peace. It was dictated by good sense, and good feeling on both sides. The practical difficulty between the two countries amounts to nothing. It arises only from a technical interpretation of the treaty. He could see no reason for its abrogation, except a desire on the part of the United States to seize Central America.

Mr. Clingman, of North Carolina, said no people so far free from the trouble, up that time we wish to acquire that territory, we may do so hereafter.

Mr. Bingham replied that the discussion would open the conflict for the possession of that country. He was sorry that Mr. Clingman opened the Central Americ with expectations, as he looked on it as an evidence of covetousness and intrusion.

Mr. Kilgore, of New-York, moved to lay the resolution reported on Tuesday from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, proposing the abrogation of the treaty. Negatived, by 97 against 96.

Mr. Bingham, of New-York, moved to lay the resolution reported on Tuesday from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, proposing the abrogation of the treaty. Negatived, by 97 against 96.

Without final action the House passed to the consideration of other business.

Mr. Harlan, of New-York, offered a resolution which was adopted, setting forth that Samuel Laman, who has been summoned before the Committee to investigate the circumstances connected with the sale and purchase of Williamson's Point, for fortification purposes, has failed to appear; therefore

Resolved, That the Speaker be directed to issue his warrant to the Sergeant-at-Arms, to take the body of the said Laman wherever to can be found, and bring him before the bar of this House for contempt of his authority.

The House then resumed the consideration of the Senate Bill for the admission of Minnesota into the Union.

Mr. Rives, of Virginia, made a speech during the day in favor of the Senate substitute, which had been defeated on the 30th ult. Adjourned.

U. S. Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, May 6.

No. 104.—Reese McFaul vs. James G. Benson.—Argued for plaintiff.

No. 107.—Thomas McCargo vs. John L. Chapman.—Argued on both sides.

No. 106.—Wm. Holcombe vs. John McCulloch et al.—Argument commenced for plaintiff and continued for defendants.

The report of the decision of the Supreme Court in case No. 97, viz.: The Peoples Bank Company of Boston, claimants of the steamboat Lightning, vs. Joseph Boers *et al.*, continued on appeal. The decree of the Circuit Court for the southern district of New-York was reversed (several of the Judges dissenting, as stated.

From Albany.

THE IMPEACHMENT OF JUDGE JOHNSON.

ALBANY, Thursday, May 6.

In cases of impeachment, sworn charges have, in the first instance, to be sent in to the Governor of the State, who, thereupon, gives notice to the party implicated. No charges whatever against Judge Russell, as has been intimated in a New-York paper, have reached the Executive Department. Governor Kine has been absent from the city during the past week, and the papers would go into the hands of Mr. Seaman, its Private Secretary, but no knowledge that any charges looking to the impeachment of the Judge are about to be made, has reached any person here.

[We learn from persons specially interested in the matter, that the papers in the case have actually been forwarded to Albany. Whether they have been handed to the Governor or his Private Secretary, is another matter.—ED. TIMES.]

News from Tampico.

NEW-ORLEANS, Wednesday, May 5.

We have advices from Tampico to the 30th. General Garza was still firing on the city, causing much destruction to life and property. No other vessel had been allowed to depart from the port, and had fired on the American brig *N. Stetson*, but on the arrival of the United States steamship Fulton, the former was allowed to proceed, as was also the schooner *Virginia Antoinette*, which had been detained 20 days.

The Crevasse at New-Orleans.

NEW-ORLEANS, Wednesday, May 5.

The crevasse opposite our city continues in full force. The water is still spreading, and there are other very serious crevasses above the city, which are doing immense damage to the crops. The river as yet, shows no signs of falling.

NEW-ORLEANS, Thursday, May 6.

The crevasse still continues, and all efforts to stop it seem to be abandoned.

The town of Gretna is entirely submerged, and Algiers considerably so.

It is reported there are great hopes of stopping the great crevasse twenty-five miles above here.

Below this city, in the sugar country, there are several breaks.

A Mystery Solved—The Human Remains Found Packed in a Barrel.

CHICAGO, Thursday, May 6.

A man named Henry Gunderson was arrested here last night, for the murder of the woman whose remains were found in a barrel at the Hudson River Railroad Depôt, in New-York, some time since. He says that she hung herself in his room, but confesses that he cut her up and shipped the body, not knowing how else to dispose of it.

The Lock of the Welland Canal Repaired.

ST. CATHARINES, C. W., Thursday, May 6.

Lock No. 7 on the Welland Canal, which was broken on Monday, is now repaired. Vessels commenced passing through the lock to-day. Navigation is now uninterrupted.

Conclusion of a Libel Suit.

TORONTO, C. W., Thursday, May 6.

The great libel suit of C. R. Ardagh, Deputy Receiver-General, against the *Leader* newspaper of this City, ended, last night, with a verdict for the defendant.

Death of an Insurance President.

BOSTON, Thursday, May 6.

Joel Scott, Esq., President of the Alliance Insurance Company, died at his residence in Roxbury last night.

The Odds at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Thursday, May 6.

The weather has been very rainy, and the river is rising, with ten feet of water in the channel.

The Ocean Mail Service—Letter from the Postmaster-General.

From the Pennsylvanian.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, May 1, 1858.

SIR: Your communication of the 5th ultimo, on the subject of Ocean Mail Steamship Service, has been received.

You name the following routes, memorable for the establishment of which, you state, have been referred to your Committee, viz.:

Between New-York and New-Orleans and San Francisco.

Between Philadelphia and Para.

Between New-Orleans and Bordeaux.

Between Baltimore and St. Thomas.

Between Norfolk and Liverpool; and

Between Portland and Liverpool; and

Between Norfolk and Glasgow.

You, at the same time, request to be furnished with any information in my possession touching our foreign marine service, in connection with the foregoing propositions for the transportation of the United States mails; and for any recommendations in relation to each and all of the said propositions, or such other recommendations in relation to the premises subject of our ocean steam mail service, as I may deem important to that branch of the public service.

In answer to these very important requests I have the honor to state that I respond all the more cheerfully to them, as well as many others which have been brought to the notice of the Department, highly important,—particularly in a general point of view; and, under ordinary circumstances, should feel it my duty to a considerable extent to recommend a more extensive and uniform system for their establishment, upon fair and reasonable terms. But after a careful consideration of the subject of our ocean mail service, I have felt constrained to withhold, for the present, any recommendations in relation to the establishment of any new lines of communication with foreign countries. I cannot resist the conviction that in the present condition of our finances, and the unsettled state of the business of the country, it is the true policy of the Department to confine itself within the limits of existing lines only, as the most certain principle upon which to base its wisdom must rely for the means of meeting the expenditures which it would be highly inexpedient at the present moment to incur.

And for which I respectfully refer you to the annual report of the Department.

AARON V. BROWN, Postmaster-General.

Hon. Wm. H. Hunter, Chairman Committee on P. O. and Post Roads, House of Representatives.

The Mess-Dork Times, Thurs. Aug 7, 1864

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

COURT CALENDAR—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—No. 15 and 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95, 97, 99, 101, 103, 105,

MARKET REPORTS.

From the Cincinnati Price Current, May 5.

A general inactivity has prevailed during the past week in the market for dressing fabrics, and the business done quite unimportant. There are no orders in the market from the South. Stocks of most descriptions are light, and but few jobbers in the East. Still, holders seem firm, and the disposition to make important concessions in order to effect sales, is by no means general. The few transactions which have transpired during the week have been at former rates.

COTTON—The market is exceedingly dull, and prices have declined ¼c. since our last report. Sales of the week foot up only 1,000 bales, at 10½c. for middling uplands.

FLOUR AND MEAL—Sales are moderate, and prices have declined 25c. per bbl. since our last report. Receipts of wheat flour have been quite large, and the demand limited. Sales of the week foot up 3,000 bbls., at $5 25@5 50 for superfine; $5 75@6 for extra; $6 25@6 50 for family; $6 75@7 for choice; $7 25@7 50 for fancy, and $8 for double extra. Corn meal is in demand at $3 25@3 37½ per bbl. for unbolted, and $3 50 for bolted.

GRAIN—Wheat is more freely offered, and prices have declined 5c. per bush. since our last report. Sales of the week foot up 10,000 bush., at 90c. for red, and $1 05@1 10 for white. Rye is in demand, and prices have advanced 5c. per bush. since our last report. Sales of the week foot up 2,000 bush., at 65c. Corn is in fair demand, and prices have declined 2c. per bush. since our last report. Sales of the week foot up 10,000 bush., at 58c. for mixed, and 60c. for yellow. Oats are in demand, and prices have declined 2c. per bush. since our last report. Sales of the week foot up 5,000 bush., at 40c. for Western.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork is in fair demand, and prices have declined $1 per bbl. since our last report. Sales of the week foot up 1,000 bbls., at $17 50. Bacon is in fair demand, and prices have declined ½c. per lb. since our last report. Sales of the week foot up 100,000 lbs., at 6½c. for clear sides, and 5½c. for clear backs. Lard is in fair demand, and prices have declined ½c. per lb. since our last report. Sales of the week foot up 50,000 lbs., at 7½c. for prime kettle.

WHISKEY—Is in fair demand, and prices have declined 1c. per gal. since our last report. Sales of the week foot up 100 bbls., at 23c.

WOOL—Is in fair demand, and prices have declined 2c. per lb. since our last report. Sales of the week foot up 10,000 lbs., at 30c. for fine fleece.

From the Cincinnati Price Current, May 6.

A fair business has been done during the past week, and the market is in a healthy condition. Prices have declined on some articles, but the decline has not been sufficient to induce any material increase in the demand.

COTTON—The market is dull, and prices have declined ¼c. per lb. since our last report. Sales of the week foot up 1,000 bales, at 10½c. for middling uplands.

FLOUR AND MEAL—Sales are moderate, and prices have declined 25c. per bbl. since our last report. Sales of the week foot up 3,000 bbls., at $5 25@5 50 for superfine; $5 75@6 for extra; $6 25@6 50 for family; $6 75@7 for choice; $7 25@7 50 for fancy, and $8 for double extra. Corn meal is in demand at $3 25@3 37½ per bbl. for unbolted, and $3 50 for bolted.

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From the Cincinnati Price Current, May 5.

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WOOL—Is in fair demand, and prices have declined 2c. per lb. since our last report. Sales of the week foot up 10,000 lbs., at 30c. for fine fleece.

Weekly Review of the Cincinnati Provision Trade.

PORK—Is in moderate request, and prices have declined $1 per bbl. since our last quotations. Sales have been made at $17 50 for mess; $18 for prime mess, and $19 for prime mess and family. Sales of the week foot up 1,000 bbls.

BACON—Is in fair demand, and prices have declined ½c. per lb. since our last quotations. Sales have been made at 6½c. for clear sides, and 5½c. for clear backs. Sales of the week foot up 100,000 lbs.

LARD—Is in fair demand, and prices have declined ½c. per lb. since our last quotations. Sales have been made at 7½c. for prime kettle. Sales of the week foot up 50,000 lbs.

WHISKEY—Is in fair demand, and prices have declined 1c. per gal. since our last quotations. Sales have been made at 23c. Sales of the week foot up 100 bbls.

Weekly Review of the Cincinnati Provision Trade.

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BACON—Is in fair demand, and prices have declined ½c. per lb. since our last quotations. Sales have been made at 6½c. for clear sides, and 5½c. for clear backs. Sales of the week foot up 100,000 lbs.

LARD—Is in fair demand, and prices have declined ½c. per lb. since our last quotations. Sales have been made at 7½c. for prime kettle. Sales of the week foot up 50,000 lbs.

WHISKEY—Is in fair demand, and prices have declined 1c. per gal. since our last quotations. Sales have been made at 23c. Sales of the week foot up 100 bbls.

FOREIGN COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

London Markets.

Per Europa.] LONDON, Friday, April 23—5 P. M.

The Colonial and Foreign Produce markets continue very dull during the present week, without change of importance.

Cotton—Sales of three days reported 6,000 bales, at unchanged prices.

Sugar—Sales of 1,500 bags Mauritius, at 24s. 6d.@25s. per cwt.

Coffee—Sales of 1,000 bags Ceylon, at 58s. per cwt.

Rice—Sales of 200 tierces Carolina, at 22s. 6d. per cwt.

Saltpetre—Sales of 1,000 bags Bengal, at 24s. per cwt.

Indigo—Sales of 100 chests Bengal, at 6s. 6d. per lb.

Tea—Sales of 1,000 chests Congou, at 1s. 3d. per lb.

Linseed—Sales of 1,000 quarters Calcutta, at 54s. per quarter.

Linseed Cake—Sales of 500 tons, at 6l. 10s. per ton.

Tallow—Sales of 1,000 casks Russian, at 43s. per cwt.

Spirits Turpentine—Sales of 500 barrels, at 29s. per cwt.

Rosin—Sales of 1,000 barrels, at 4s. 6d. per cwt.

Pitch—Sales of 500 barrels, at 4s. 6d. per cwt.

Oils—Sperm in fair demand at 120l.@121l.; common Sperm, 110l.@115l.; Seal, 34l.@35l.; Cod, 32l.@33l.; Linseed, 29l.@30l.; Palm, 39l.@40l.; Cocoa Nut, 34l.@35l.

Camphor—Refined, 4s. 6d.@4s. 9d. per lb.

Saltpetre—Refined, 1s. 6d.@1s. 7d. per lb.

Quicksilver—Sales of 200 flasks, at 7l. 10s. per flask.

Opium—Sales of 100 cases Turkey, at 1s. 6d. per lb.

Quercitron Bark—Sales of 100 hogsheads, at 7s. per quarter.

Madder—Sales of 100 casks Dutch, at 60s. per cwt.

Shellac—Sales of 100 cases, at 70s. per cwt.

Camwood—Sales of 100 tons, at 6l. 10s. per ton.

Barwood—Sales of 100 tons, at 5l. 10s. per ton.

Fustic—Sales of 100 tons, at 4l. 10s. per ton.

Nicaragua Wood—Sales of 100 tons, at 5l. 10s. per ton.

Logwood—Sales of 100 tons, at 5l. 10s. per ton.

Ashes—Sales of 100 barrels Pearl, at 30s. per cwt.

Sugar—The market is dull, and prices have declined 1s. per cwt. since our last quotations. Sales of the week foot up 1,000 hhds. Muscovado, at 24s. 6d.@25s. 6d.; 1,000 boxes Brown, at 25s.@26s. 6d.; 1,000 bags Mauritius, at 24s. 6d.@25s. 6d.; 1,000 bags Bengal, at 24s. 6d.@25s. 6d.; 1,000 bags Madras, at 24s. 6d.@25s. 6d.; 1,000 bags Penang, at 24s. 6d.@25s. 6d.; 1,000 bags Manilla, at 24s. 6d.@25s. 6d.; 1,000 bags Java, at 24s. 6d.@25s. 6d.; 1,000 bags Siam, at 24s. 6d.@25s. 6d.; 1,000 bags Havana, at 24s. 6d.@25s. 6d.; 1,000 bags Brazil

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE Europa's mails reached this City, from Boston, last evening. We receive by this arrival, London and Liverpool papers of the 24th ult. There is not much intelligence in addition to that published in our telegram from Halifax. Two debates took place in the British Parliament, which were somewhat interesting. One, in the House of Lords, was upon the unsatisfactory communication between Brownlow and Americk. Lord DERBY declared that no diplomatic privileges would be conferred on any one in this country. The other debate to which we allude occurred in the House of Commons, and, on that occasion, the Attorney-General, in answer to a question propounded by Mr. ROEBUCK, said that it was not the intention of the Government to take any further proceedings against Dr. BERNARD for his alleged complicity in the attempt to assassinate the Emperor of the French. A speech, delivered in Manchester by Sir JAMES BROOKE, Rajah of Sarawak, has excited some attention. He advocates in it a British Protectorate over Borneo and the London *Times* indorses his views.

THE SENATE was mainly occupied yesterday in listening to Mr. HAMLIN's speech against the repeal of the Fishery Bounty, in reply to Mr. CLAY, of Alabama. There is evidently a degree of sectional feeling at the bottom of this anti-fishing movement. When Mr. HAMLIN had concluded, the Senate held an Executive session, and then adjourned. In the House the Government appropriation bill was passed. The Clayton-Bulwer treaty was then discussed. Mr. RITCHIE, of Pennsylvania, opposed its abrogation. Mr. CAMPBELL replied. Mr. KELSEY, of New-York, moved to table Mr. CLINGMAN's abrogation resolution. Negatived, 47 to 107. Under the previous question the resolution was ordered to be engrossed, 97 to 83, and without final action the House proceeded to other business. There is evidently a strong disposition in Congress to do away with the treaty. A warrant was ordered to issue against Benjamin W. LATHAM, a contemptuous witness. The Minnesota bill was then debated, and the House adjourned.

The American Association for the Advancement of Science has ended its session at Baltimore, and adjourned to meet in Springfield, Mass., on the first Wednesday in August, 1859. Prof. STEPHEN ALEXANDER, of Princeton, the distinguished astronomer, is elected President for the ensuing year; Prof. HITCHCOCK, of Amherst, is Vice-President.

The first Message of Governor BUCKINGHAM, of Connecticut, states the expenditures of last year at $371,470. The debt is $85,000. The one-cent school tax brought in a revenue of $71,440 last year, which is a falling-off. The banking institutions of the State receive a large share of attention in the Message. The number of the Banks is 76, and the aggregate capital $20,616,723. It is considered unwise to prohibit the circulation of small bills until New-York shall have adopted such a policy, but the Governor recommends restrictions upon banking privileges. The Tariff of 1846 is condemned, and the Lecompton movement is strongly rebuked.

The General Treasurer of Rhode Island reports the State expenditures, for the year ending April 28, at $212,523; and the receipts $196,292. Deficit, $16,040.

The murderer SMOOT, has written a long letter in his own defence. It is a curious production. He claims that he might be put to better uses than hanging, declares that he had not a fair chance in life, and in reference to his victim, LITTLEJOHN, holds the doctrine that a man who was so bad as he had no right to live. SMOOT heaps abuse on the dead man; blames his sister SARAH, and appeals on his own behalf to the sympathies of a public which, he says, has been unduly prejudiced against him. The letter is interlarded with a series of moral reflections.

The crevasse in the Mississippi has broken loose again, the flood breaking through the piles which were set to stop it. It is said, however, that at least one good result will follow this overflow: a large amount of timber in the Yazoo Valley can now be floated to market.

A number of students in the State University of Michigan indulged in a night debauch last week, when one of them, named GEORGE W. BRAKER, died from the effects of excessive intoxication.

The Committee on the Financial affairs of the City made a second report to the Common Council last night, in which they submit further evidence of the utterly loose and unreliable manner in which the accounts of the City are kept. It is impossible to ascertain with accuracy the real amount of stock issued by the City, the amount of unpaid assessments upon property, and many other most essential and important items. The Committee censures the Comptroller very strongly for negligence in the matter, and recommend a thorough and radical reform in the management of his department.

The Committee of the Board of Aldermen, on Saturday, met yesterday, when Mr. PLATT reiterated the statement, so frequently urged, that by the decision of the Supreme Court, the Ninth-avenue railway has no legal existence. Mr. PLATT represented the property owners on the line. The Committee will examine and report.

The regular meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday at the Merchant's Bank. There was an election of officers for the ensuing year. R. PARKER was elected President, ROYAL PHELPS and A. A. LOW, Vice-Presidents, and the remainder were mostly the former incumbents. Seven new members were elected. Mr. OSGOOD from the Committee upon the Codification of the Revenue Laws, reported, recommending the support of the bill introduced by the Chairman of the Committee of Commerce of the House of Representatives. Mr. BROWNE presented a lengthy and able report upon collisions at sea. A thousand dollars were appropriated for the purchase of books; two hundred dollars to the clerk of the Chamber, and fifty dollars to the porter of the Bank where the meetings are held. A communication was received from the Boston Board of Trade asking for the appointment of a joint Committee upon the bankrupt law. R. B. MINTURN and ROYAL PHELPS were appointed.

The republication of the facts in relation to the Swill Milk trade, of Brooklyn, has created quite an excitement among the vendors of the swill beverage. A canvasser for the Brooklyn Directory appeared in the vicinity of one set of swill stables, yesterday, and before he had completed his business (taking names for the Directory,) he was driven away under the belief that he was taking the names of milk customers.

It will be remembered that we published the statement of the discovery of the body of [illegible] at the Hudson River [illegible] was known [illegible] Chatham [illegible] Our reporter [illegible] an [illegible] Coroner [illegible] Mr. [illegible] Coroner [illegible] Mr. [illegible] Coroner [illegible] Mr.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WASHER—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as cook, washer and ironer. Best City reference from her last place. No objection to see the family. Call at No. 48 East 32d-st., 1st floor. A respectable young girl wants a situation as washing, washing, or to assist with washing and ironing. Best City reference. Has lived the last two years in her last place. No objection to see the family. Can be seen for two days. Call at No. 102 East 32d-st., 1st floor.

WANTED—AS MATRON OR HOUSEKEEPER, A situation, by a middle-aged widow lady; has had great experience in the care of children and is fully competent to take the entire charge of a widower's family, or an interest in some institution. Testimonials of the highest character will be furnished. Before to HONEST P., care of Mr. Frost-place; or, address Box No. 734 Post-office.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE LADY WANTS something respectable to do; would like a situation to do housework and plain sewing, or chamber work and assist in the washing; has no objection to the country; the reason her present place because the family is going to keeping. Any inquiries respectfully answered by her present employer. No. 18 Washington-square.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WIDOW lady, a situation as nurse with a lady; has a child 7 months old; is healthy; has no objections to go to the country; has the best of City reference. Call, for two days, from 10 to 4, for Mrs. ——, No. 60 Bond-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A RESpectable young woman who perfectly understands all kinds of cooking; has no objection to go with the family to the country for the Summer; best of City reference from her last place; can be seen this day only at No. 309 6th-av., in the store, between 29th and 30th sts.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG, INTELLIGENT, American lady, a situation to attend a bakery or confectionery, or as a family dressmaker. Would leave the City if required. Address for one week, Communications strictly confidential to H. H. H., Astor-place Post-office, with most immediate attention, for one week.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE girl, to do housework, by a competent young woman who would not care two years in her situation, where she can receive small salary; no objection to go to the country. Call at No. 49 East 32d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE girl, to travel with a family to Europe, or the South, or Charleston, or Australia, or any place; has the best of references, and can dress ladies' hair, and is a good seamstress. Can be seen at No. 26 4-2-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG LADY as nurse and dressing companion to a lady; is capable of taking charge of her wardrobe, and willing to make herself useful. Address MARY HOWARD, Forth Amboy, N. J. References exchanged.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG AMERican girl, a situation in a respectable private family as nurse, light housework and waiting, or as waitress; has the best of City references. Can be seen at No. 120 Bleecker-st., where she is now engaged.

WANTED—BY A SMART, CLEAN, TIDY YOUNG woman who understands her business well, a situation as lady's maid and waitress. The lady with whom she has lived for five years can recommend her highly. Call for two days at No. 60 West 13th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as cook in a small family, as good plain cook, and first-rate washer and ironer. Has good references from where she lived for four years. Call at No. 256 6th-st., between 9th and 10th avs., 3d floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as cook, washer and ironer; best of City reference from her employer; no objections to the country for the Summer. Call at No. 107 West 14th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, BY ONE who understands her business; has no objection to assist in the washing and ironing; has the best of City reference; has no objection to the country. Can be seen until engaged at No. 123 West 19th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as nurse in a private family; can nurse and do light housework and children's dresses, and all kinds of plain sewing. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 73 West 34th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A STEADY YOUNG woman to do housework and washing and assist with washing; has no objection to go in the country; has four years' references from her last places. Call at No. 241 6th-av., between 15th and 16th sts.

WANTED—BY A MOST RESPECTABLE PROtestant woman, a situation to do the general housework of a small private family; has the best of City references from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 107 East 20th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl, as seamstress in a private family; is capable of doing all kinds of sewing; has no objection to mind a child or travel with a family. Call at her present employer, No. 201 West 23d-st., below 10th-av.

WANTED—BY A HIGHLY-RESPECTABLE, INdustrious Scotch girl a situation in a family going to Europe, as nurse to children, or to wait upon ladies; excellent references can be given. Apply, for four days, at No. 61 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as seamstress; she understands cutting and fitting well; she has no objection to travel; she has the best of City references. Call at No. 118 East 16th-st., near 1st-av.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG GIRLS, SITUAtions; one as chambermaid and waiter, or children's nurse; and the other to do general housework; have the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 201 West 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook, a Protestant, who understands her business in all its branches; can make all kinds of pies, puddings, desserts, soups; every kind of meat and pastry. Has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 28 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or chamber-work and fine washing and ironing. Can be seen at No. 34 West 15th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as first-class family as nurse and seamstress, or as chambermaid and plain seamstress. Has the best of City references. Call at No. 28 East 13th-st., near University-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as nurse and seamstress; is fond of children; or as chambermaid and waiter; has the best of City references; would prefer to go in the country for the Summer; call at No. 34 West 14th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A SITUation as second girl, or to assist in washing and ironing; would be willing to do housework; best City reference. Call at No. 62 6th-av., between 9th and 10th sts. Can be seen for 3 days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, to do the general housework of a small private family; has no objection to go to the country; can be seen at her present place. Inquire, for two days, at No. 61 West 22d-st., two doors west of 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as cook, washer and ironer; has good and first-rate recommendations from her last place, and can bake good bread. Has good City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 346 6th-av., near 23d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation in a respectable private family as chambermaid and waitress; has no objection to do cooking, washer and ironer. Can be seen, for two days, in the fancy store No. 88 East 16th-st. Has the best of City reference.

WANTED—A WIDOW, WITH ONE CHILD, IS desirous of obtaining a situation as cook; is a good cook; where a good home would be considered almost equivalent to wages. Address Mrs. WILSON, Times Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation as nurse and to do plain sewing, or light chamber-work and take care of children; no objection to the country or traveling. Call at No. 36 2d-av., in the store, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG woman, as chambermaid and waiter; has City reference as to character and competency; understands fine washing and ironing. Can be seen at No. 678 Houston-st., room No. 7.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL TO do housework and waiting, or to take care of children; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Good City references can be given. Apply at No. 160 East 20th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG GIRLS, SITUAtions; one as chambermaid and waiter, or children's nurse; and the other to do general housework; have the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 201 West 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook, a Protestant, who understands her business in all its branches; can make all kinds of pies, puddings, desserts, soups; every kind of meat and pastry. Has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 28 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or chamber-work and fine washing and ironing. Has the best of City references. Can be seen at No. 34 West 15th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman, a situation in a first-class family as nurse and seamstress, or as chambermaid and plain seamstress. Has the best of City references. Call at No. 28 East 13th-st., near University-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as nurse and seamstress; is fond of children; or as chambermaid and waitress; has the best of City references; would prefer to go in the country for the Summer; call at No. 34 West 14th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A SITUation as second girl, or to assist in washing and ironing; would be willing to do housework; best City reference. Call at No. 62 6th-av., between 9th and 10th sts. Can be seen for 3 days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, to do the general housework of a small private family; has no objection to go to the country; can be seen at her present place. Inquire, for two days, at No. 61 West 22d-st., two doors west of 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as cook, washer and ironer; has good and first-rate recommendations from her last place, and can bake good bread. Has good City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 346 6th-av., near 23d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation in a respectable private family as chambermaid and waitress; has no objection to cook, washer and ironer. Can be seen, for two days, in the fancy store No. 88 East 16th-st. Has the best of City reference.

WANTED—A WIDOW, WITH ONE CHILD, IS desirous of obtaining a situation as cook; is a good cook; where a good home would be considered almost equivalent to wages. Address Mrs. WILSON, Times Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation as nurse and to do plain sewing, or light chamber-work and take care of children; no objection to the country or traveling. Call at No. 36 2d-av., in the store, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG woman, as chambermaid and waiter; has City reference as to character and competency; understands fine washing and ironing. Can be seen at No. 678 Houston-st., room No. 7.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL TO do housework and waiting, or to take care of children; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Good City references can be given. Apply at No. 160 East 20th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG GIRL, to do light housework or take care of children; capable of washing and ironing; willing to make herself generally useful. Address MARY HOWARD, Forth Amboy, N. J. References exchanged.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG AMERican girl, a situation in a respectable private family as nurse, light housework and waiting, or as waitress; has the best of City references. Can be seen at No. 120 Bleecker-st., where she is now engaged.

WANTED—BY A SMART, CLEAN, TIDY YOUNG woman who understands her business well, a situation as lady's maid and waitress. The lady with whom she has lived for five years can recommend her highly. Call for two days at No. 60 West 13th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as cook in a small family, as good plain cook, and first-rate washer and ironer. Has good references from where she lived for four years. Call at No. 256 6th-st., between 9th and 10th avs., 3d floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as cook, washer and ironer; best of City reference from her employer; no objections to the country for the Summer. Call at No. 107 West 14th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, BY ONE who understands her business; has no objection to assist in the washing and ironing; has the best of City reference; has no objection to the country. Can be seen until engaged at No. 123 West 19th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as nurse in a private family; can nurse and do light housework and children's dresses, and all kinds of plain sewing. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 73 West 34th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A STEADY YOUNG woman to do housework and washing and assist with washing; has no objection to go in the country; has four years' references from her last places. Call at No. 241 6th-av., between 15th and 16th sts.

WANTED—BY A MOST RESPECTABLE PROtestant woman, a situation to do the general housework of a small private family; has the best of City references from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 107 East 20th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl, as seamstress in a private family; is capable of doing all kinds of sewing; has no objection to mind a child or travel with a family. Call at her present employer, No. 201 West 24th-st., below 10th-av.

WANTED—BY A HIGHLY-RESPECTABLE, INdustrious Scotch girl a situation in a family going to Europe, as nurse to children, or to wait upon ladies; excellent references can be given. Apply, for four days, at No. 61 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as seamstress; she understands cutting and fitting well; she has no objection to travel; she has the best of City references. Call at No. 118 East 16th-st., near 1st-av.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG GIRLS, SITUAtions; one as chambermaid and waiter, or children's nurse; and the other to do general housework; have the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 201 West 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook, a Protestant, who understands her business in all its branches; can make all kinds of pies, puddings, desserts, soups; every kind of meat and pastry. Has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 28 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or chamber-work and fine washing and ironing. Has the best of City references from. Call at No. 34 West 15th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman, a situation in a first-class family as nurse and seamstress, or as chambermaid and plain seamstress. Has the best of City references. Call at No. 28 East 13th-st., near University-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as nurse and seamstress; is fond of children; or as chambermaid and waiter; has the best of City references; would prefer to go in the country for the Summer; call at No. 34 West 14th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A SITUation as second girl, or to assist in washing and ironing; would be willing to do housework; best City reference. Call at No. 62 6th-av., between 9th and 10th sts. Can be seen for 3 days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, to do the general housework of a small private family; has no objection to go to the country; can be seen at her present place. Inquire, for two days, at No. 61 West 22d-st., two doors west of 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as cook, washer and ironer; has good and first-rate recommendations from her last place, and can bake good bread. Has good City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 346 6th-av., near 23d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation in a respectable private family as chambermaid and waitress; has no objection to cook, washer and ironer. Can be seen, for two days, in the fancy store No. 88 East 16th-st. Has the best of City reference.

WANTED—A WIDOW, WITH ONE CHILD, IS desirous of obtaining a situation as cook; is a good cook; where a good home would be considered almost equivalent to wages. Address Mrs. WILSON, Times Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation as nurse and to do plain sewing, or light chamber-work and take care of children; no objection to the country or traveling. Call at No. 36 2d-av., in the store, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG woman, as chambermaid and waiter; has City reference as to character and competency; understands fine washing and ironing. Can be seen at No. 678 Houston-st., room No. 7.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL TO do housework and waiting, or to take care of children; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Good City references can be given. Apply at No. 160 East 20th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, to do housework, by an old Protestant girl; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; no objection to go in the country; can be seen at her present place. Call at No. 102 East 32d-st., 1st floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE-aged woman, a situation to take care of a baby from its birth, or grown children; she has lived in the most respectable families. Can do plain sewing, fine washing and ironing if required. Can give the best of City references from her last place. Apply for two days at No. 136 Clinton-place, near 6th-av.

WANTED—BY TWO SISTERS, NEAT AND tidy girls, situations in the City, or a few miles in the country; one as cook, in a genteel private family; is almost excellent baker; understands meats and poultry; the other as a good nurse, and to do plain, neat sewing, embroidery or washing. Wages, $7 and $6. Call at No. 216 East 23d-st.

WANTED—BY AN ACTIVE PROTESTANT American young woman, a situation, as thorough meat and pastry cook; makes bread, cakes, pies, jellies, creams and preserves of all kinds; would assist to wash and iron; is careful and obliging; would go to the country; can get up dinners in any style. Call at No. 128 Waverley-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN to go to Europe as lady's maid, or to take care of children; has been there; the reason for leaving does not be sea-sick. The best of reference can be given for four years. Call or address MARY, No. 1,074 Broadway, in the druggist's, corner of 31st st. Would engage to go now or any time the coming Summer.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITuation as chambermaid and to do fine washing, or chamber-work and sewing, or as regular laundress; can do fine muslins in the neatest manner, and French fluting; the most satisfactory reference can be given; can be seen for two days. Apply at No. 107 East 13th st., between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOMAN, to take care of children, or the entire charge of a baby, or as chambermaid and seamstress; is willing to make herself generally useful; she best of City reference can be given from her last place; no objection to go in the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 260 Mulberry st., between Houston and Prince sts., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman, a situation to take care of a baby from its birth, or grown children; she has lived in the most respectable families. Can do plain sewing, fine washing and ironing if required. Can give the best of City references from her last place. Apply for two days at No. 136 Clinton-place, near 6th-av.

WANTED—BY TWO SISTERS, NEAT AND tidy girls, situations in the City, or a few miles in the country; one as cook, in a genteel private family; is almost excellent baker; understands meats and poultry; the other as a good nurse, and to do plain, neat sewing, embroidery or washing. Wages, $7 and $6. Call at No. 216 East 23d-st.

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WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITuation as chambermaid and to do fine washing, or chamber-work and sewing, or as regular laundress; can do fine muslins in the neatest manner, and French fluting; the most satisfactory reference can be given; can be seen for two days. Apply at No. 107 East 13th st., between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOMAN, to take care of children, or the entire charge of a baby, or as chambermaid and seamstress; is willing to make herself generally useful; she best of City reference can be given from her last place; no objection to go in the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 260 Mulberry st., between Houston and Prince sts., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman, a situation to do the general house work of a small family; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer, and can do chamber-work; would go a short distance in the country; has lived two years in her last place. Call at No. 91 28th-st., near the 7th-av., first floor, front room.

WANTED—BY TWO COMPETENT, TIDY GIRLS, situations in the City or country—one as seamstress; does up linens in style; understands shirt-ironing thoroughly; or regular chamber-maid, and to do fine washing; wages $6. The other as nurse; is 14; a neat sewer; willing and obliging; will wait on a lady who boards; wages $3. Call at No. 216 23d-st., for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS PLAIN COOK washer and ironer, or to do general housework, by an efficient and well-recommended girl. A Protestant girl wants a situation as chambermaid. They, with others, can be seen at WALLACE'S Office, No. 4 Sands-st., Brooklyn, until suited.

WANTED—BY A COOK, A SITUATION IN A small private family; is an active, upright woman, and would go as seamstress if required; understands both thoroughly; has no objection to go in the country; the best of City reference; can be seen for two days at No. 67 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, as chambermaid and waiter in a respectable, plain family; or as chambermaid and neat sewer, or as neat sewer and to take care of a baby; is willing and obliging. Can be seen at her last place, No. 65 Pierrepont-st., corner of Henry, Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG English Protestant woman as waitress, or as chambermaid; understands her business perfectly in each capacity. Has the best of City reference. Apply at No. 68 West 16th st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PERSON, A situation to do chamberwork, fine washing and ironing; can do fluting beautifully. Has the very best of City recommendations. Can be seen at No. 125 West 12th-st., between 6th and 6th avs., for a few days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITUation as nurse and plain sewer, or chambermaid, or waiter. Has good City references. Can be seen for two days. If not engaged. Call at No. 169 3d-av., in the shoe store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND seamstress, or as seamstress and chambermaid, by a respectable young woman. Has the best of City references. Has no objection to travel. Apply at No. 188 Fulton av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN to do the cooking, washing and ironing of a private family. Good reference given. Can be seen for two days at No. 150 West 20th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LADIES' MAID and seamstress, or companion to an invalid lady. The advertiser is a Protestant, understands her business perfectly, and has no objections to assist generally. City reference. Address A. B., No. 270 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK AND AS sist in washing and ironing, is a good baker; the best City reference from her last place. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 32 33d-st., between the 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman, as lady's maid, or as first-rate seamstress; understands dressmaking and hair-dressing, and doing up fine muslins. Best of City reference given. Can be seen at No. 329 6th-av., between 20th and 21st sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation as nurse and seamstress; she is fond of children. Has the best of reference. No objections to the country. Call at No. 163 East 21st, between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as waiter or chambermaid, or to take care of growing children; no objection to country; best of City reference. Call at No. 40 East 19th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED DRESSmaker, the work of a few private families by the day or week; she thoroughly understands her business, and can give the best of City reference. Apply at No. 107 East 15th-st., between 2d and 4th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO DO CHAMBERwork and fine washing, by one who thoroughly understands mangling and French fluting, or as laundress only, in a respectable family; can give the best of City reference. Apply at No. 376 1st-av, near 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MOST RESPECTable Protestant woman to do the general housework of a small private family; has the best of City reference from her last place; can be seen for two days at No. 186 24th-st., near 2d av., room No. 9, third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE girl, as cook, and to assist with the washing; has good City references; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen for two days. Inquire at No. 75 West 34th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl, as chambermaid and laundress, or to do the housework of a private family; the country preferred, with good recommendations. Call at No. 264 1st av.

WANTED.—A YOUNG WOMAN WISHES A SITuation as chambermaid and laundress; understands fluting, and has permission to refer to her present employer, No. 6 Nelson-place, opposite Mercer-st Church.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and plain sewing. Good City references. Call at No. 121 West 20th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl to do the general housework of a private family; lived five years in her last place. Has good City reference. Call at No. 173 Johnson-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and waitress; would do general housework in a small family; is willing to go in the country; reference given. Call at No. 3 2d-st., 2d floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as laundress or chamberwork and fine washing; has the very best of City reference. Call at No. 129 7th-av., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS; understands all kinds of fine sewing, embroidery, hair dressing and dressmaking; has good City reference. Address MARGARET, Times office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, BY AN EXperienced woman, one who understands her business in all its branches; can be seen at No. 8 Union-court, between 11th and 12th sts.

WANTED——BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A SITuation as nurse and plain sewer, or chambermaid or waitress; has no objection to go in the country. Call at No. 168 3d-av., in the shoe store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as cook and to assist in washing and ironing; has best of City reference from her last place, where she was 4 years. Apply at No. 220 Broadway, near 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as cook; understands her business perfectly. Can be seen for two days at her present employer's, No. 22 Bond-st., in the basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS COOK, BY A RESpectable woman. Can be highly recommended by the last family she has lived with. Address No. 37 West 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and laundress, or chambermaid and cook, by a respectable young woman; has the best City reference. Call at No. 176 17th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH GIRL, A SITUAtion to cook, wash and iron, or for chamber work and waiting. Good City references given. Apply at No. 222 West 26th-st., between 6th and 9th avs.

WANTED—A YOUNG FRENCH GIRL OF 14 wishes to find a place in a family to talk French with children; the very best references. Apply at No. 1,0 5th-av. before 12 M.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE BY A respectable young woman, not long arrived from Dublin. Can refer to parties of highest respectability in this City. Apply at No. 2 Bowling Green.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS TO take charge of any family sewing; understands cutting and fitting ladies' dresses. Apply at No. 430 4th-av. between 30th and 31st sts., first floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as nurse and seamstress, with good City reference; has lived in the most respectable families; can be seen at No. 26 4th-av., for 2 days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 160 Henry-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION to do chamberwork and sewing, or take care of children. Call at No. 166 West 16th-st., front basement.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION to do light housework or take care of children; or both. Address ELLEN, Times Office.

WANTED—BY A COLORED WOMAN, A SITUAtion to cook in a private family in this City. Can be seen for two days at No. 100 West 4th-st., in the rear.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A NEAT, TIDY YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation as seamstress. Is a good sewer; has no objection to do chamber-work for a private family; is willing and obliging, and a desirous of making herself generally useful. The best of City references from her last place. Call, for two days, at No. 152 7th-av., second door from 22d-st., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG PROtestant girl, as seamstress and lady's maid, or seamstress and fine washer; no objection to the country, or would travel with a family to Europe or California as nurse; has the best of City reference; also, a young girl as laundress. Can be seen for the week at No. 1,015 Broadway, in the store.

WANTED.—A SITUATION IS DESIRED BY A very trustworthy and well-recommended young woman as thorough housworker, or as chambermaid and fine washer and ironer; understands her business in every capacity. Apply at No. 378 6th av. Wages moderate.

WANTED—SITUATIONS, IN THE CITY OR country, as a good cook and to wash and iron, as waiter and chambermaid, as seamstress and nurse, as fine laundress and chambermaid, and to do general housework by very competent girls. Call at No. 72 6th-av., in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY RESPECTable Protestant woman as nurse and seamstress, is capable of taking entire charge of an infant from birth; no objection to the country. Best of City reference given. Inquire, for two days, at No. 231 West 26th st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as chambermaid and laundress in a private family; can do all kinds of embroidery, or would make herself generally useful. Good reference given. Call for two days at No. 35 East 15th-st., in the fancy store, between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY YOUNG WOMEN, who lived several years in their last places; one as cook, one as chambermaid and waitress, one as laundress, or chambermaid and laundress; one as seamstress, or nurse and seamstress; one to do general housework. Apply at No. 7 11th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A YOUNG SCOTCH WOMAN WANTS a situation; also, two American women, all Protestants; are good workers, willing and have good references. Inquire at the Large Institute and House of Domestics No. 136 11th-st., corner of 6th-av.

WANTED.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL WISHES A situation as nurse and chambermaid, or chambermaid and waiter; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 96 27th-st., between 3d and Lexington ave.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as laundress or chambermaid. Can do the very best fine washing. No objections to the country. Has the best of references. Apply at No. 73 West 19th st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN, a situation, as waitress; has good City references; no objection to the country. Apply corner of Broadway and 19th-st., in the drug store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as children's nurse and seamstress or chambermaid and waitress; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 359 2d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID or nurse, or would assist in washing and ironing, by a good Protestant woman. Refers to T. H. Rodman, No. 129 Remsen-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND SEAMstress, or to do light chamberwork and sewing, by a competent person. Good City reference given. Apply at 100 West 17th-st. between 6th and 7th avs. for two days.

A PARISIAN LADY, SPEAKING THE English language fluently, having had some years' experience in book-keeping and commerce, in Paris, wishes to obtain a situation in a similar capacity in the United States, or as a governess in a school. She will give references from the last family where she has been residing, and others as to her character and ability in both branches. Address PARISIAN, at the office of this paper.

UNE DAME PARISIENNE DESIRANT voyager, voudrait trouver une place dans une famille qui aille en Europe. Elle peut fournir les meilleurs recommandations. S'adresser No. 239 10th st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT young man, a situation as coachman and groom; understands the care and management of horses well, and is also a good vegetable gardener; understands all kinds of work about a place; is willing to make himself useful to his employer; no objection to the country; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 375 Bowery.

WANTED.—A RESPECTABLE GERMAN YOUNG man, a Protestant, wants a situation as waiter in a private family, in City or country. He understands his business perfectly, and has the best of City references for honesty, sobriety and capability. Can be seen at his present employer's, or send a note to No. 255 4th-av., 3d door above 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, a situation as porter, or to drive a horse and wagon, and make himself generally useful in his employer; can write well, and can give the highest references as to honesty, sobriety and faithfulness. Address PORTER, Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, a situation as coachman or groom; would assist in gardening, or make himself useful otherwise. No objection to the country. Can be highly recommended by his last employer, whom he has served nearly four years. Address F. G., Times Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A respectable young man, who understands his business; has good reference as to honesty, sobriety, and capability; is willing to make himself useful; no objection to City or country. Call, or address COACHMAN, No. 345 7th-av., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young man, as coachman and groom. He perfectly understands the care and management of horses; is a safe driver; can take care of a vegetable garden, and will make himself useful. Can be seen for two days at No. 171 Hester st., first floor, back room.

WANTED.—A SINGLE COLORED MAN WISHES a situation in a private family as groom and coachman; he perfectly understands his business; would have no objection to go to the country for the Summer. Can give the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 59 Water-st., corner Peck-slip.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION, BY A respectable man, in a private family. He perfectly understands his business, the care and management of horses. Has lived in his place for 5 years. Can be highly recommended from last employer. Address C. M., Times Office, or Mr. TRAINOR, saddler, No. 514 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young man as waiter in a private family or genteel boarding house. Understands waiting on an invalid gentleman. Best of City reference. Call at No. 151 Elizabeth-st., rear, first floor.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A sober, steady man, who understands his business in all its branches, can give good City reference; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Address N. B., Times office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family or boarding house, by a steady, respectable man, with good City reference. Call at No. 926 Broadway, corner 22d-st., in the trunk store, or No. 904 Broadway, near 20th-st., in the store.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE COLORED MAN, A situation as coachman in a private family; he perfectly understands his business. Can give the best of City reference. Call or address M. C., for two days, at No. 259 Water-st., corner of Peck-slip.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ACTIVE, INdustrious man as porter in a hotel. Has no objection to go to the country. Has good reference for capability. Address J. C., Box No. 100 Times office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A SINGLE MAN, who understands the care and management of horses, to work in a garden, and would make himself generally useful. Address GERMAN, Times office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, 20 YEARS OF age, a situation in some wholesale business down town. The best of City reference can be given, if required. Address, for three days, C. G. S., Times Office.

GARDENERS AND FARMERS.

WANTED—SITUATIONS, BY A MAN AND WIFE; one is a gardener and farmer, and can take excellent care of horses and cattle, and understands the raising of them; the wife is a dairy and poultry woman, and would do any kind of family work; they have the best recommendations for industry, fidelity and steadiness; the wife is an excellent baker; they have lived in their last situation six years. Address C. B. H., at this office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A thoroughly practical man; is competent in every department of the business—greenhouse, grapery, &c.; refers to the gentleman with whom he last lived, and to several of the most respectable nurserymen in New-York, to whom he is well known. Address HORTICULTURIST, No. 9 John-st.

WANTED—GARDENER'S SITUATION BY A steady, sober man; has had long experience in this country and in Europe; has lived in good places up the North River, which his character will satisfy; understands his business perfectly. Any communication or address to J. HOGAN, No. 288 10th-av., will be attended to.

WANTED.—A SINGLE MAN WANTS A SITUAtion as gardener, who thoroughly understands his business in all its different departments, to the fruit cultivation and the laying out of new ground. Any gentleman wishing to engage such a man may address, by note or personal, to C. F., No. 15 John-st., New-York.

A GARDENER WANTED—ONE COMPETENT TO take entire charge of a garden, with good references, may address W. T., at this office. One having a wife, (without children,) willing to act as cook, would be preferred.

WANTED—A FARMER'S SITUATION, BY A MAN of long experience in farming and gardening for the Washington Market; understands what suits the market. The best of City reference given to that effect. Address A. X., Times Office, for 3 days.

MUSICAL.

WANTED—A BASS SINGER FOR A CHURCH quartette—Episcopal. Must have a good voice, sing in tune, and read music fairly. Address G. F., Box No. 2,013 Post-Office.

MUSICAL.—AN ALTO, EXPERIENCED IN Church Music, and having superior reference, desires an engagement in a choir. Address ALTO, Times Office.

HELP WANTED.

EDITOR WANTED.—WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a competent and experienced person to act as Editor of a Commercial Newspaper, one that understands (and none other need make application) figures and statistics generally, and acquainted with manufactures, such as cotton, wool, &c. Address DAVID, Box No. 113 Times office.

WANTED—AN AMERICAN YOUTH, ABOUT 18 years of age, to do the general work required in a clothing store. Must bring good references as to honesty and capacity. Inquire at No. 208 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—A FEW SINGLE GENTLEMEN, OR with board and pleasant rooms in a desirable location. Those furnishing their own rooms preferred. Inquire at No. 220 West 31st st.

BOARDING.—NO. 19 NINTH-STREET.—SUPERior rooms, large and small, to let, with or without board, at moderate prices. The accommodations of the house are unsurpassed, and the best of references can be given if required. Apply early on the premises.

BOARDING.—TWO GENTLEMEN, OR A GENTLEman and his wife, can be accommodated with board in a private family. Terms moderate. Apply at No. 60 Fourth-av.

BOARDING.—A SUITE OF HANDSOMELY FURnished rooms to let with board, single or together; also, single rooms for g

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION NOTICE.

BY [illegible] DAVIES, Auctioneer.
SPECIAL SALE
OF [illegible] ON THIS DAY (Friday), May 7, at 10 o'clock, at the Store No. 59 Cedar-st., corner of Nassau-st., by order of the Assignee, the entire stock of [illegible] consisting in part of [illegible] Also, a lot of Damaged Goods, recently saved from the late fire in Cedar-st.
Sale positive, without reserve.

BY MOSES TAYLOR, Auctioneer.
AUCTION NOTICE—M. JOSEPH'S WILL SELL
At 10